INSTRUCTIONS AND RULES IN BRIEF

REGISTRATION

REGISTRATION may be applied for only by a Life, Regular, Junior or Non-Resident member of the Association.

APPLICATION for Entry must be on official blank supplied by the Association. Blanks in loose form will be supplied on request and are also obtainable in books. No application for entry will be considered until fee is paid. Registration certificate issued by Chief Executive Officer constitutes receipt for fee, but such certificate shall not be binding upon the Association in case of error.

Animals with SCURS, or RED IN COLOR, or with WHITE SKIN above or in front of the navel, or on leg, foot or tail shall not be eligible for registration. Steers may have white skin in front of the navel, and must meet all other color requirements. Refer to 100 series of the Association Rules for complete information.

BULL PERMIT is required if breeder was not owner of record of sire on date of service, unless service was reported on transfer of dam.

FIRST OWNER of calf is owner of record of dam on date calf was born except in cases of embryo calves as covered in Rule 104 (d) (6) of the Association rules.

MULTI-BIRTH must be stated so on the application, and the sex of the other calf or calves must be reported. No subsequent application for entry of the other calf or calves will be accepted as stated in Rule 104 (c).

ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION RULES IN BRIEF

Bull and female must be under common ownership of record at the time of service in order for the resulting offspring to be eligible for registration, except under provision of Rules 501 (a), (b), (c).

Rule 501 (a) and (b) provides for insemination of females owned by an immediate relative or employee of owner of bull. Rule 501 (c) provides for insemination of females sold with breeding privilege as a condition of sale to the seller's bull. Please refer to series 500 of the Association Rules for more complete information.

NAME

Name must be limited to not more than 28 spaces, including spaces between words. Example:

28 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 F Α C Κ C Ρ F S 5 YNNDAL В L Α R S E 1 0

PRIMARY IDENTIFICATION MARKS

An animal must be identified prior to application by one of these methods of identification: 840 EID, ear tattoo marks, freeze-brand marks or hot-brand marks. In the event that a breeder utilizes tattoos as a primary identification mark, such mark shall be placed in both ears of each individual animal. In the event a breeder utilizes freeze-brand marks or hot-brand marks as a primary identification mark, such mark shall be placed once on either side of each individual animal. No two animals of the same sex, registered under the name of the same first owner, shall be given identical primary identification marks in the same calendar year. Primary identification marks shall be limited to a maximum of five characters per animal. In connection with the arrangement of those five characters, breeders may use only Arabic numbers and capital letters. The use of any other characters, including jointed letters, reversed letters, bars, punctuation marks and other types of symbols shall not be allowed.

TRANSFER

Every transfer of registration of an animal used for purebred breeding purposes must be recorded by official transfer on the records of the Association. It shall be the duty of the transfer to apply for transfer for purposes of recording in the official records of the Association. Date of sale of animal shall be considered to be the date of transfer for purposes of recording in the official records of the Association.

If an animal is a female, over 12 months of age, it must be stated whether she is open (not bred) or has been serviced prior to date of sale. If serviced, type of service, date of service or exposed period and registry number of service bull must be given.

A transfer of registration entered on an application or a certificate of registration, or on the records of the Association shall not be construed as the conveyance of legal title by the Association.

If an animal's registration has been transferred through misrepresentation of fraud, the board of directors may declare such transfer null and void together with any registrations of purported descendants of the animal.